their book being adopted as a textbook if homework problems were supplied and the reference deficiency corrected.

All in all, a very good book and one I strongly recommend for industrial air pollution control engineers.

GARY F. BENNETT

Hazardous and Industrial Wastes: Proceedings of the Twenty-Fifth Mid-Atlantic Industrial Waste Conference, edited by A.P. Davies, Technomic Publishing, Lancaster, PA, 1993, 590 pages, price US\$ 85.00, ISBN 1-56676-067-4

The Mid-Atlantic Industrial Waste Conference is an annual gathering of consultants, industrial environmental managers, regulators and academicians. This year, the organizing committee focused on industrial waste treatment, site remediation and waste management. In addition, there were sessions on solidification, incineration, air quality, waste minimization and legal issues. The majority of the papers are technical in nature, divided between state-of-the-art and state-of-practice.

A total of 58 papers presented at this conference are published in these proceedings.

GARY F. BENNETT

Book of Lists for Regulated Hazardous Substances, Editorial Staff, Government Institutes, Rockwell, MD, 1993, 427 pages, price US\$ 67.00, ISBN 0-08658-337-2

From the Introduction:

"The objective of this reference book is to compile under a single cover those environmental, health, and safety lists that are often referenced in regulatory compliance and implementation literature. The major areas (laws) covered here are RCRA, CERCLA, SARA, CAA, CWA, SDWA, TSCA and OSHA."

Given the mind-boggling number of chemicals regulated by the US EPA under a seemingly infinite number of laws, it is very helpful to have chemical lists from each law gathered together in one place. Government Institutes staff has done a real service by compiling the book.

GARY F. BENNETT

Combustion Ash/Residue Management: An Engineering Perspective, by D.H. Goodwin, Noyes Publications, Park Ridge, NJ, 1993, 85 pages, price US\$ 45.00, ISBN 0-8155-1328-3

Fly ash — a hazardous waste or not? Currently, the US EPA has not classified it as such, and the author of this book concurs that is a proper decision. And he is well qualified to do so, judging by the number of citations in the book to his own work on fly ash.